

Storia Del Pensiero Nel Mondo Islamico 1

262.22

The present work provides a detailed account of the available data on 'Abd al-La'f al-Ba'd's biography, an outline of his philosophical thought, and a detailed analysis of his reworking of pre-Avicennian Greek and Arabic metaphysics.

Una lettura critica dell'incontro-scontro fra Arendt e il suo maestro Heidegger. Emerge la centralità del giudizio quale espressione di amore. Il giudizio nasce dalla decisione di prendere parte al mondo, come tentativo di salvaguardia della realtà. L'amore come passione dell'esistenza, accettazione dell'opacità del proprio essere. La carenza d'essere, che l'uomo evidenzia con la sua azione, non ha esito nichilistico, bensì rimanda a un altro.

The volume *The Italian Method of la drammatica: its Legacy and Reception* includes the long and complex investigation to identify the Italian acting-code system of the *drammatica* used by nineteenth-century Italian actors such as Adelaide Ristori, Giovanni Grasso, Tommaso Salvini, Eleonora Duse. In particular, their acting inspired Stanislavsky who reformed twentieth-century stage. The declamatory code of the *drammatica* was composed by symbols for notation of voice and gesture which Italian actors marked in their prompt-books. The discovery of the *drammatica's* code sheds new light on nineteenth-century acting. Having deciphered the phonetic symbols of the code, Anna Sica has given birth an investigation with a group of outstanding scholars in an attempt to explore the *drammatica's* legacy, and its reception in Europe as well as in Asia. At this stage new evidence has emerged proving that, for instance, the symbol used by the *drammatica* actors to sign the *colorito vocale* was known to English actors in the second half of the nineteenth century. By noting how Adelaide Ristori passed on her art to Irving's actress Genevieve Ward, and how Stanislavsky, almost aflame, moulded his system from Duse's acting, an unexplored variety in the reception of the *drammatica's* legacy is revealed.

Nel 1990 si tenne a Roma il XVI Congresso del I.A.H.R. che ebbe come tema la nozione di "religione". Venne particolarmente analizzato l'uso di tale termine da parte degli studiosi di lingua europea nei rapporti con le culture non europee e viceversa.

Il culto alla Dea. Scritti di Momolina Marconi

Perhaps in defiance of expectations, Roman peace (*pax*) was a difficult concept that resisted any straightforward definition: not merely denoting the absence or aftermath of war, it consisted of many layers and associations and formed part of a much greater discourse on the nature of power and how Rome saw her place in the world. During the period from 50 BC to AD 75 - covering the collapse of the Republic, the subsequent civil wars, and the dawn of the Principate - the traditional meaning and language of peace came under extreme pressure as *pax* was co-opted to serve different strands of political discourse. This volume argues for its fundamental centrality in understanding the changing dynamics of the state and the creation of a new political system in the Roman Empire, moving from the debates over the content of the concept in the dying Republic to discussion of its deployment in the legitimization of the Augustan regime, first through the creation of an authorized version controlled by the princeps and then the ultimate crystallization of the *pax augusta* as the first wholly imperial concept of peace. Examining the nuances in the various meanings, applications, and contexts of Roman discourse on peace allows us valuable insight into the ways in which the dynamics of power were understood and how these were contingent on the political structures of the day. However it also demonstrates that although the idea of peace came to dominate imperial Rome's self-representation, such discourse was nevertheless only part of a wider discussion on the way in which the Empire conceptualized itself.

This book provides a new approach to the study of the History of Roman Law. It collects the first results of the European Research Council Project, *Scriptores iuris Romani* - dedicated to a new collection of the texts of Roman jurisprudence, highlighting important methodological issues, together with innovative reconstructions of the profiles of some ancient jurists and works. Jurists were great protagonists of the history of Rome, both as producers and interpreters of law, since the Republican Age and as collaborators of the principes during the Empire. Nevertheless, their role has been underestimated by modern historians and legal experts for reasons connected to the developments of Modern Law in England and in Continental Europe. This book aims to address this imbalance. It presents an advanced paradigm in considering the most important aspects of Roman law: the Justinian *Digesta*, and other juridical late antique anthologies. The work offers an historiographic model which overturns current perspectives and makes way for a different path for legal and historical studies. Unlike existing literature, the focus is not on the Justinian Codification, but on the individualities of ancient Roman Jurists. As such, it presents the actual legal thought of its experts and authors: the ancient *iuris prudentes*. The book will be of interest to researchers and academics in Classics, Ancient History, History of Law, and contemporary legal studies.

Storia del pensiero nel mondo islamico
Innovazione tecnica e progresso economico nel mondo romano
atti degli Incontri capresi di storia dell'economia antica (Capri, 13-16 aprile 2003)
Edipuglia srl
Ottavo Contributo Alla Storia Degli Studi Classici E Del Mondo Antico
Ed. di Storia e Letteratura
Mercanti e politica nel mondo antico
L'ERMA di BRETSCHEIDERS
Guardi sul pensiero contemporaneo
Filosofia e scienze per cambiare il mondo
libreria universitaria.it
Edizioni
Lezioni di storia della filosofia
Lulu.com
Saggio sul pensiero filosofico e religioso del Fascismo
Lulu.com
Il mondo delle idee. Dai Greci al nostro tempo. Le idee costruiscono il mondo e lo distruggono
Armando Editore
Jurists and Legal Science in the History of Roman Law
Routledge

Antonio Gramsci's Prison Notebooks have offered concepts, categories, and political solutions that have been applied in a variety of social and political contexts, from postwar Italy to the insurgencies of the Arab Spring. The contributors to *Gramsci in the World* examine the diverse receptions and uses of Gramscian thought, highlighting its possibilities and limits for understanding and changing the world. Among other topics, they explore Gramsci's importance to Caribbean anticolonial thinkers like Stuart Hall, his presence in decolonial indigenous movements in the Andes, and his relevance to understanding the Chinese Left. The contributors consider why Gramsci has had relatively little impact in the United

States while also showing how he was a major force in pushing Marxism beyond Europe—especially into the Arab world and other regions of the Global South. Rather than taking one interpretive position on Gramsci, the contributors demonstrate the ongoing relevance of his ideas to revolutionary theory and praxis. Contributors. Alberto Burgio, Cesare Casarino, Maria Elisa Cevasco, Kate Crehan, Roberto M. Dainotto, Michael Denning, Harry Harootunian, Fredric Jameson, R. A. Judy, Patrizia Manduchi, Andrea Scapolo, Peter D. Thomas, Catherine Walsh, Pu Wang, Cosimo Zene

Annually published since 1930, the International bibliography of Historical Sciences (IBOHS) is an international bibliography of the most important historical monographs and periodical articles published throughout the world, which deal with history from the earliest to the most recent times. The works are arranged systematically according to period, region or historical discipline, and within this classification alphabetically. The bibliography contains a geographical index and indexes of persons and authors.

An acclaimed study of the diverse origins of ancient Greek philosophy In this acclaimed book, Maria Michela Sassi reconstructs the intellectual world of the early Greek "Presocratics" to provide a richer understanding of the roots of what used to be called "the Greek miracle." This unique study explores the full range of early Greek thinkers in the context of their worlds—from the Milesian natural thinkers, the rhapsode Xenophanes, and the mathematician and "shaman" Pythagoras, to the inspired Parmenides, the oracular Heraclitus, and the naturalist and seer Empedocles.

Un libro sul Sud in forte controtendenza. Scritto con una prosa tersa e molto partecipe, le sue tesi disegnano un crocevia dove si incontrano sociologia, lirica e progetto politico. Corrado Augias, "Il Venerdì di Repubblica" Un testo 'cult'. Ida Dominijanni, "il manifesto" Occorre restituire al Sud l'antica dignità di soggetto del pensiero, interrompere una lunga sequenza in cui esso è stato pensato solo da altri. Il pensiero meridiano è, innanzitutto, riformulazione dell'immagine che il Sud ha di sé: non più periferia degradata dell'impero, ma nuovo centro di un'identità ricca e molteplice, autenticamente mediterranea.

Having a strategy means finding solutions to the complexity of the global world. The task of this manual is pointing out a possible method to transform the future to our advantage and seize also economic and financial opportunities crucial to emerge in the global competition. The book provides an analysis of the evolution of strategic thought and method, from the dawn of nation-states until the civil war in Syria. What happens in this country is emblematic of the change in perspective and power in recent years. With the "preventive war" the West had come to the borders of India, but today we see the Chinese military presence in the Mediterranean. The structure of global power is increasingly oligarchic, Asian and present in a wider area. A triad that bears the names of the US, Russia and China. Europe is witnessing an inert vacuum created in the South, across the Mediterranean and North Africa. The old continent is in decline, and doesn't have a real strategy. Part One: Introduction Part Two: History of Strategy (From the Sixteenth to the Eighteenth Century, Napoleon, Clausewitz, the Nineteenth Century, The First World War, The Second World War, The "Cold War", The Unipolar Twenty Years) Part Three: The Current Phase of Transition towards a New Strategy (An oligarchic Future, The Higher Triad, The Lower Triad) Part IV: Conclusions (A New Definition of Strategy, Strategy and Conflict in a "Post-Heroic" Future, The Islamic World, An Eastern and Clausewitzian Conclusion).

I contributi dei partecipanti alla quinta edizione delle Giornate di archeologia, arte e storia del Vicino e Medio Oriente che si sono tenute a Milano dal 9 all'11 maggio 2019. Il volume raccoglie i contributi dei partecipanti alla quinta edizione delle Giornate di archeologia, arte e storia del Vicino e Medio Oriente che si sono tenute a Milano dal 9 all'11 maggio 2019. L'evento ha trattato diversi argomenti, suddivisi in quattro grandi temi. Il primo è il recente restauro della basilica della Natività a Betlemme: un progetto unico che ha consentito di svelare meraviglie architettoniche e soprattutto musive a lungo nascoste sotto la patina del tempo. "Un secolo di storia del Medio Oriente" è il tema della seconda parte. Storici e giornalisti affrontano alcuni passaggi chiave dell'ultimo secolo: la definizione dei confini all'indomani della Prima guerra mondiale, le ideologie politiche, la fondazione di Israele e le sue relazioni con la Santa Sede, il fallimento degli accordi di Oslo, fino alla recente legge israeliana sullo Stato-nazione. Il terzo panel è dedicato a san Francesco e il sultano al-Malik al-Kamil, nell'ottavo centenario dell'incontro di Damietta (1219). Nell'ultima parte ("In dialogo, tra Babele e Twitter") archeologi, epigrafisti ed esperti di storia biblica affrontano il tema delle lingue e culture alle radici della modernità. Gli Autori Michele Bacci – Anna Maria Bagaini – Silvio Barbaglia – Giorgio Bernardelli – Maria Giovanna Biga – Manuela Borraccino – Massimo Campanini – Giacomo Cavillier – Giuseppe Dentice – Alberto Elli – Frederick Mario Fales – Rosa Giorgi – Maria Teresa Grassi – Shahrzad Houshmand Zadeh – Giuseppe Ligato – Pietro Messa – Paolo Nicelli – Enrico Palumbo – Massimo Pazzini – Giammarco Piacenti – Bartolomeo Pirone – Amedeo Ricco – Giovanna Rocca – Marta Romano – Gianantonio Urbani – Gioia Zenoni

Proceedings of the conference held in Vandœuvre, Genève, August 22-26, 2005.

L'ultima parola è un affare di dominio e non interessa la filosofia. Al contrario, il penultimo, come concetto e categoria filosofica, racchiude in sé i tratti della creazione, del costante divenire del pensare, in perenne farsi. Tutto questo sintetizza, secondo Alberto Simonetti, lo stilema del percorso filosofico e storico-filosofico di Gilles Deleuze, analizzato in quest'opera nei singoli corpo a corpo con i grandi classici del pensiero a cui il filosofo parigino ha dedicato fondamentali studi critici. Da Spinoza e Leibniz a Bergson, attraverso Hume e Kant, analizzando Nietzsche fino a pervenire al più contemporaneo Foucault, Deleuze ha mostrato di appartenere di diritto al novero degli storici della filosofia. Ricognizione mai statica né didascalica quella di Deleuze, ma attivo-creativa laddove alla peculiare competenza su autori e temi ha affiancato le tracce della sua riflessione, esperienza affermativa di libertà. Simonetti si pone nel duplice ruolo di archeologo e genealogista al fine di restituire quell'apertura radicale e, al contempo, quell'ansia fondativa che hanno caratterizzato il percorso di Deleuze nelle pieghe del secolo scorso.

This book features a discussion on the modernisation of law and legal change, focusing on the key concepts of innovation" and "transition". These concepts both appear to be relevant and poorly defined in contemporary legal science. A critical reflection on the heuristic value of these categories seems appropriate, particularly considering their dyadic value. While innovation is increasingly appearing in the present day as being the category in which one looks at the modernisation of law, the concept of transition also seems to be the privileged place of occurrence for such dynamics. This group of Italian and Brazilian scholars contributing to this volume intends to investigate such problems through an interdisciplinary prism. It includes points of view both internal to legal studies - such as the history of law, theory of law, constitutional law, private law and commercial law - and external, such as political philosophy and history of justice and political institutions.

[Copyright: 84257dc13047f17f9208c818e6f92f4b](https://doi.org/10.1007/978-84-257-1304-7_17)